

~~SECRET BRIEFING~~

19 July 1956

~~URGENT COMMUNIST DEVELOPMENTS~~

I. Within the USSR:

A. Central Committee resolution of 30 June (published in Pravda 3 July), offered little that was new in analysis of Stalin's role and socialist system in the USSR. Most of its points had already been presented in both Soviet and Tassers Communist statements.

B. Pravda editorial, 4 July, suspended Stalin debate and stressed Party supremacy and iron discipline. As far as our country, the Communist Party was, is, and will be the one and only ruler of thoughts, the one to express the ideas and hopes of the people - their leader and organizer throughout their entire struggle for Communism.

C. Supreme Soviet is to convene on 11 July. There are persistent rumors that the Soviet electoral system is to be overhauled, to give voters more than one candidate and to strengthen the regulation governing recall of deputies.

II. Within the European Satellites:

A. The major over the Poznan riots, 28 June-1 July. Committee: Polish government figures: 40 dead, over 200 wounded; opposition accounts: over 300 dead.

B. The Polish government announced, 29 June, that riot leaders would be punished, but promised economic concessions to workers and continuation of "liberalization" program.

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C. On 5 July, the Polish ambassador to France (Stanislaw Gajewski) told US and Italian ambassadors that, since publication of the Khrushchev speech, he is prepared to "believe anything" about the Soviets and that he would not defend actions of USSR.

3. Measures in the Satellites:

A. Hungarian central committee resolution, 20 June, sharply condemned anti-Takos elements and used "Trotzki provocations" as warning.

B. Hungarian broadcast, 3 July, stressed "independence" of Communist parties, and held to Soviet line on "different roads" to socialism.

C. East Germany announced, 20 June, a reduction of "planned" armed forces strength from 120,000 to 80,000. Military service to remain voluntary.

D. Yugoslav press has parroted Bloc line on Polish riots, calling rioters "enemies of democratic socialist Poland." Tito warned that Stalinist elements may gain strength as a result.

4. Western Communist Parties' reaction to 20 June central committee resolution ranged from extravagant French praise to Italian and American indications of reservations.

A. L'Humanite 4 July editorial said resolution provided "a profound Marxist-Leninist analysis" of the personality cult.

I. French Communist delegation, which journeyed to Moscow on 20 June, returned and reported to its central committee on 6 July: central committee unanimously approved Soviet resolution.

B. Togliatti's first reaction (3 July press interview): "...an extremely important contribution to the elucidation of questions" raised by various parties. Togliatti said he still felt that various opinions were possible on the significance of Stalin's mistakes and their influence on USSR, and urged "frank discussion."

1. Italian Communist delegation left for Moscow on 4 July.

C. On 3 July, Eugene Dennis called Soviet resolution "most welcome development", said "it goes a long way" in explaining out of personality. New York Daily Worker said it answered "most questions; continued: while many Marxists "will feel satisfied with the answers", many others "will feel that the final answers still need to be found and that the discussion must continue."

25X1C D. [REDACTED] for the moment, there is confusion and disorientation in the Dutch, Belgian and Danish Communist parties.

1. A Belgian Communist delegation was in Moscow on 7 July.